

DP03

## SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

## 2006-2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns. For 2006 to 2009, the Population Estimates Program provides intercensal estimates of the population for the nation, states, and counties.

Subject	Lindsay city, California			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Population 16 years and over	7,721	+/-393	7,721	(X)
In labor force	5,015	+/-416	65.0%	+/-4.3
Civilian labor force	5,015	+/-416	65.0%	+/-4.3
Employed	4,159	+/-446	53.9%	+/-5.1
Unemployed	856	+/-224	11.1%	+/-2.8
Armed Forces	0	+/-132	0.0%	+/-0.5
Not in labor force	2,706	+/-363	35.0%	+/-4.3
Civilian labor force	5,015	+/-416	5,015	(X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	17.1%	+/-4.5
Females 16 years and over	3,952	+/-288	3,952	(X)
In labor force	2,339	+/-280	59.2%	+/-5.5
Civilian labor force	2,339	+/-280	59.2%	+/-5.5
Employed	1,989	+/-278	50.3%	+/-5.8
Own children under 6 years	1,358	+/-258	1,358	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	911	+/-205	67.1%	+/-12.5
Own children 6 to 17 years	2,988	+/-375	2,988	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	2,373	+/-423	79.4%	+/-9.3
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	3,951	+/-449	3,951	(X)
Car, truck, or van drove alone	2,828	+/-377	71.6%	+/-6.7
Car, truck, or van carpooled	780	+/-286	19.7%	+/-6.8
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	0	+/-132	0.0%	+/-1.0
Walked	154	+/-77	3.9%	+/-2.0
Other means	43	+/-40	1.1%	+/-1.0
Worked at home	146	+/-126	3.7%	+/-3.0
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.9	+/-1.8	(X)	(X)
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	4,159	+/-446	4,159	(X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	731	+/-187	17.6%	+/-4.3
Service occupations	803	+/-221	19.3%	+/-5.1
Sales and office occupations	706	+/-201	17.0%	+/-4.5

Subject		Lindsay city, California			
Subject	Estimate	Estimate	Percent	Percent Margin	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	of Error	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	1,223	+/-321	29.4%	+/-7.2	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations INDUSTRY	696	+/-251	16.7%	+/-5.3	
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	4,159	+/-446	4,159	(X)	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	1,109		26.7%	+/-6.9	
Construction	127	+/-67	3.1%	+/-1.6	
Manufacturing	427	+/-142	10.3%	+/-3.3	
Wholesale trade	359	+/-117	8.6%	+/-2.7	
Retail trade	479	+/-193	11.5%	+/-4.2	
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	60	+/-44	1.4%	+/-1.0	
Information	16	+/-24	0.4%	+/-0.6	
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	43	+/-39	1.0%	+/-0.9	
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	111	+/-67	2.7%	+/-1.6	
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	641	+/-195	15.4%	+/-4.6	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	382	+/-160	9.2%	+/-4.0	
Other services, except public administration	204	+/-192	4.9%	+/-4.5	
Public administration	201	+/-87	4.8%	+/-2.1	
CLASS OF WORKER					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	4,159	+/-446	4,159	(X)	
Private wage and salary workers	3,206	+/-451	77.1%	+/-5.4	
Government workers	657	+/-171	15.8%	+/-4.1	
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	296		7.1%	+/-2.9	
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-132	0.0%	+/-1.0	
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2010 INFLATION- ADJUSTED DOLLARS)					
Total households	3,092	+/-190	3,092	(X)	
Less than \$10,000	487	+/-170	15.8%	+/-5.2	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	206	+/-94	6.7%	+/-3.0	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	629	+/-166	20.3%	+/-5.2	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	417	+/-109	13.5%	+/-3.4	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	591	+/-163	19.1%	+/-5.1	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	500	+/-136	16.2%	+/-4.4	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	138	+/-56	4.5%	+/-1.8	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4	+/-11	0.1%	+/-0.4	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	63	+/-76	2.0%	+/-2.5	
\$200,000 or more	57	+/-54	1.8%	+/-1.7	
Median household income (dollars)	30,085	+/-4,279	(X)	(X)	
Mean household income (dollars)	39,615	+/-5,631	(X)	(X)	
With earnings	2,485		80.4%	+/-4.6	
Mean earnings (dollars)	41,167		(X)	(X)	
With Social Security	631	+/-150	20.4%	+/-4.4	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	12,683		(X)	(X)	
With retirement income	400		12.9%	+/-3.5	
Mean retirement income (dollars)	9,145		(X)	(X)	
With Supplemental Security Income	184		6.0%	+/-2.8	
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,730		(X)	(X)	
With cash public assistance income	242		7.8%	+/-3.4	
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	5,497		(X)	(X)	
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months  Families	915		29.6%	+/-6.1	
	2,525		2,525	(X)	
Less than \$10,000	324		12.8%	+/-5.0	
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	142		5.6%	+/-3.0	
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	477		18.9%	+/-5.0	
ψ20,000 to ψ04,000	397	+/-112	15.7%	+/-4.4	

Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin
	margin or Error		of Error
554	+/-160	21.9%	+/-6.0
381	+/-126	15.1%	+/-4.9
126	+/-55	5.0%	+/-2.2
4	+/-11	0.2%	+/-0.5
63	+/-76	2.5%	+/-3.1
57	+/-54	2.3%	+/-2.1
32,894	+/-3,780	(X)	(X)
42,638	+/-6,536	(X)	(X
11,290	+/-1,454	(X)	(X)
567	+/-167	567	(X)
15,036	+/-3,076	(X)	(X)
18,778	+/-5,464	(X)	(X)
14,581	+/-1,285	(X)	(X)
26,419		(X)	
20,761	+/-6,615	(X)	(X)
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Subject		Lindsay city, California			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error	
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	41.7%	+/-10.7	
18 years and over	(X)		27.7%	+/-4.8	
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	29.4%	+/-5.5	
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	12.9%	+/-8.3	
People in families	(X)	(X)	33.8%	+/-6.6	
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	44.1%	+/-10.1	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) 2010. The 2010 Census occupation codes were updated in accordance with the 2010 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of 2006-2010 and 2008-2010 tables, occupation data in the multiyear files (2006-2010 and 2008-2010) were recoded to 2010 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2010 Census occupation codes with data coded using previous Census occupation codes. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/ioindex/.

While the 2006-2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2006-2010 American Community Survey

## Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
  - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
  - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.